

## Class-X

# ENTRANCE TEST CUM SCHOLARSHIP (SAMPLE PAPER-2)

[Time: 3 Hours]

[Max Marks: 450]

## A. General:

- 1. This booklet is a Question Paper containing 150 questions.
- 2. Blank Papers, Clipboards, Log Tables, slide rules, calculators, cellular phones and electronic gadgets in any form are not allowed to be carried inside the examination hall.
- 3. The answer sheet, a machine-readable optical mark recognition sheet (OMR Sheet), is provided separately.
- 4. DO NOT TAMPER WITH THE OMR OR THE BOOKLET.
- 5. Please fill your roll number correctly in the OMR sheet (answer sheet).
- 6. Both Question Paper and OMR Answer Sheet will be submitted after completion of this examination.

## B. Question Paper Format and marking scheme:

- 1. The Question Paper consists of five parts (Part I: MAT, Part II: Physics, Part III: Chemistry, Part IV: Mathematics).
- 2. Each Question carries +3 marks for correct answer and -1 mark for incorrect answer.

	MAT						
1.	In a certain code, 'PLEADING' is written as 'CHMOQMFB'. How is 'SHOULDER' written in th code?						
	(a) KCDQTIPV	(b) QDCKVPIT	(c) KCDQTIPV	(d) TIPVQDCK			
2.	Which group of let	ter is different from oth	ners?				
	(a) PBQTX	(b) DRYSN	(c) MEWGN	(d) CGHKV			
3.	e	ter sequence, some of th pelow. Choose the corre	6	nese are given in order as one			
	_bbca_bcca_	_ a c _ a _c b					
	(a) abcba	(b) acbab	(c) bacab	(d) bcaab			
4.	Find the next numb	ber in the sequence.					
	30, 120, 350, 720, ?	<b>)</b>					
	(a) 1150	(b) 1300	(c) 1200	(d) 1342			
	<i>Directions</i> (Q. Nos. below.	5-9) Read the following	information carefully a	nd answer the questions giver			
	A, B, C, D, E, F and G are sitting around a circle facing at the centre having dinner not necessarily in same order. E is neighbour of A and D. G is not between F and C. F is to the immediate right of A						
		-	-				
5.	in same order. E is n of A.	-	G is not between F and	C. F is to the immediate right			
5.	in same order. E is n of A.	neighbour of A and D. (	G is not between F and	C. F is to the immediate righ			
	in same order. E is n of A. Which of the follow (a) BA	neighbour of A and D. C ving is not have the pai (b) CB	G is not between F and r of persons sitting adj (c) DE	C. F is to the immediate righ acent to each other? (d) GD			
	in same order. E is n of A. Which of the follow (a) BA	neighbour of A and D. C ving is not have the pai (b) CB	G is not between F and r of persons sitting adj (c) DE	C. F is to the immediate righ acent to each other? (d) GD			
5.	in same order. E is n of A. Which of the follow (a) BA Which of the follow	neighbour of A and D. C ving is not have the pai (b) CB ving pairs has the second (b) CB	G is not between F and r of persons sitting adj (c) DE d person sitting immed	<ul> <li>C. F is to the immediate right</li> <li>acent to each other?</li> <li>(d) GD</li> <li>iately to the right of the first?</li> </ul>			
5.	in same order. E is n of A. Which of the follow (a) BA Which of the follow (a) AB	neighbour of A and D. ( ving is not have the pai (b) CB ving pairs has the second (b) CB n of F?	G is not between F and r of persons sitting adj (c) DE d person sitting immed	C. F is to the immediate righ acent to each other? (d) GD iately to the right of the first (d) GC			
5.	<ul> <li>in same order. E is a of A.</li> <li>Which of the follow</li> <li>(a) BA</li> <li>Which of the follow</li> <li>(a) AB</li> <li>What is the position</li> </ul>	neighbour of A and D. G ving is not have the pai (b) CB ving pairs has the second (b) CB n of F? Et of C	G is not between F and r of persons sitting adj (c) DE d person sitting immed (c) EA	C. F is to the immediate righ acent to each other? (d) GD iately to the right of the first (d) GC ight of C			
5. 7.	<ul> <li>in same order. E is not of A.</li> <li>Which of the following (a) BA</li> <li>Which of the following (b) AB</li> <li>What is the position (a) Third to the left (c) To the immediated by the second second</li></ul>	neighbour of A and D. G ving is not have the pai (b) CB ving pairs has the second (b) CB n of F? it of C ate left of A	G is not between F and r of persons sitting adj (c) DE d person sitting immed (c) EA (b) Second to the r	C. F is to the immediate righ acent to each other? (d) GD iately to the right of the first (d) GC ight of C			
5. 7.	<ul> <li>in same order. E is a of A.</li> <li>Which of the follow</li> <li>(a) BA</li> <li>Which of the follow</li> <li>(a) AB</li> <li>What is the position</li> <li>(a) Third to the left</li> <li>(c) To the immediate</li> <li>Who are the neight</li> </ul>	neighbour of A and D. G ving is not have the pai (b) CB ving pairs has the second (b) CB n of F? it of C ate left of A	G is not between F and r of persons sitting adj (c) DE d person sitting immed (c) EA (b) Second to the r (d) None of the abo	C. F is to the immediate righ acent to each other? (d) GD iately to the right of the first (d) GC ight of C			
6. 7. 8.	<ul> <li>in same order. E is not of A.</li> <li>Which of the following (a) BA</li> <li>Which of the following (b) AB</li> <li>What is the position (a) Third to the left (c) To the immediate Who are the neighbor (a) A and B</li> </ul>	neighbour of A and D. C ving is not have the pai (b) CB ving pairs has the second (b) CB n of F? Et of C ate left of A pours of B? (b) C and D	G is not between F and r of persons sitting adj (c) DE d person sitting immed (c) EA (b) Second to the r (d) None of the abo (c) F and C	C. F is to the immediate righ acent to each other? (d) GD iately to the right of the first (d) GC ight of C			
5. 6. 7. 8.	<ul> <li>in same order. E is a of A.</li> <li>Which of the follow</li> <li>(a) BA</li> <li>Which of the follow</li> <li>(a) AB</li> <li>What is the position</li> <li>(a) Third to the left</li> <li>(c) To the immediate</li> <li>Who are the neight</li> <li>(a) A and B</li> <li>Which of the follow</li> </ul>	neighbour of A and D. C ving is not have the pai (b) CB ving pairs has the second (b) CB n of F? Et of C ate left of A pours of B? (b) C and D	G is not between F and r of persons sitting adj (c) DE d person sitting immed (c) EA (b) Second to the r (d) None of the abo (c) F and C	<ul> <li>C. F is to the immediate righ</li> <li>acent to each other?</li> <li>(d) GD</li> <li>iately to the right of the first?</li> <li>(d) GC</li> <li>ight of C</li> <li>ove</li> <li>(d) None of these</li> </ul>			

8 7 4 3 6 5 1 2

Then, which number represents doctors who are neither players nor artists?

(a) 2 (b) 3 (c) 4 (d) 5

11. Which of the following diagram/set indicate the relation between citizen, educated and men?

(a) (b) (b)



(d) ())

**12.** Question given below has a problem and two Statements I and II. Decide, if the information given in the statements is sufficient to answer the problem. Among Maddy, Nittu, Dev, Pinku and Kunal, who earns more than only the least earner among them

#### Statements

- I. Nittu earns more than Maddy and Pinku but less than only Dev.
- II. Maddy earns more than Pinku who earns less than Kunal.
- (a) Data in Statement I alone is sufficient
- (b) Data in Statement II alone is sufficient
- (c) Data in both statements together is sufficient
- (d) Data in both statements together is not sufficient
- **13.** In question, the five letters represent five different digits. What are the actual figures? If there is no zero?

	L M N K					
	+ M K N L					
		Ν	N N M A			
	(a) $L = 4$ , $M = 6$ , N	= 2, K = 3, A = 7	(b) L = 6, M = 5, N =	2, K = 8, A = 7		
	(c) $L = 4$ , $M = 2$ , $N$	= 6, K = 3, A = 7	(d) L = 6, M = 4, N =	7, K = 9, A = 2		
14.	Find the missing terr	m in the series.				
	2, 4, 2, 6, 3, 12, ?, 40	)				
	(a) 8	(b) 6	(c) 11	(d) 5		
15.	In a group of cows a The number of cows		legs are 14 more than t	wice the number of heads.		
	(a) 5	(b) 7	(c) 10	(d) 12		
16.	What is the product	of all the number in the	e dial of a telephone?			
	(a) 1,58, 480	(b) 1, 59, 450	(c) 1, 40, 680	(d) None of these		
17.		ess conference, the ten pe akes will there be all tog	1 1	nands with each other once.		
	(a) 60	(b) 45	(c) 55	(d) 90		
18.	0	. He turn 100° in the clock ection is Mohan facing r		n 145° in the anti-clockwise		
	(a) East	(b) North-East	(c) North	(d) North-West		
	<i>Directions</i> ( <i>Q. Nos. 19-20</i> ) Take the given statement(s) are true and decide which of the conclusions logically follows from the statements.					
19.	• Statements All desks are chairs. No chair is a table. Some tables are fans. Some fans are chairs. Conclusions					
	I. Some desks are III. No desks is a tal		II. Some fans are des	sks.		
	(a) Only Conclusion		(b) Only Conclusion			
	(c) Only Conclusion	III follows	(d) All conclusions for	llow		

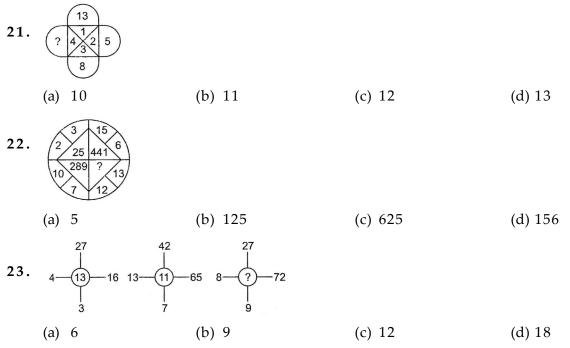
**20. Statements** All vegetables are fruits. No vegetables are cereals. All cereals are fruits. Some cereals are healthy.

#### Conclusions

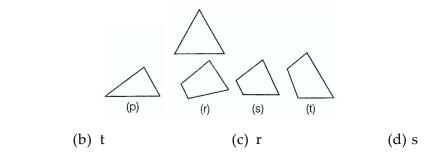
(a) p

- I. Some fruits are healthy. II. No vegetable is healthy.
- III. All healthy are fruits.
- (a) Only Conclusion I follows (b) Only Conclusion II follows
- (c) Only Conclusion III follows (d) Both Conclusions II and III follow

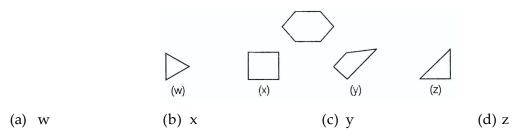
Directions (Q. Nos. 21-23) Find the missing number in the following questions.



**24.** Identify which among the pieces given below will not be required to complete the triangular pattern shown below?

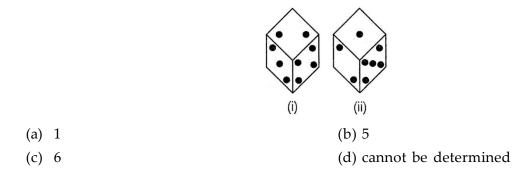


**25.** A pattern is given below. You have to identify which among the following pieces will not be required to complete the pattern?



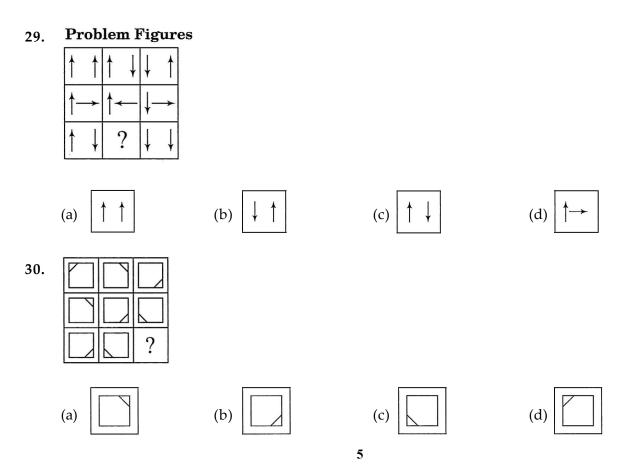
26. Choose the alternative which is closely resembles the mirror image of the given combination.

- SNA34Q21 (b) 12Q43ANS (2) ANS43Q12 (d) 21Q34SNA (b)
- **27.** A dice is rolled twice and the two positions are shown in the figure below. What is the number of dots at the bottom face when the dice is in position (i)?



- **28.** There are 40 boys and girls arranged in a queue in the decreasing order of their height. If Ranvijay is at 17th position and there are 9 boys ahead of him, then total boys behind Ranvijay, if there are 17 girls in total are
  - (a) 10 (b) 13 (c) 12 (d) 17

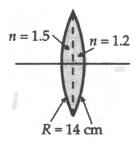
*Directions* (*Q. Nos. 29-30*) Which figure will replace the 'question mark' from the options to complete the figure?



## **PHYSICS**

An observer moves in a perpendicular direction to the normal of a stationary plane mirror at a 31. speed of 4 m s<sup>-1</sup>. The speed of image with respect to mirror is \_\_\_\_\_ (a)  $0 \text{ m s}^{-1}$  with respect to the mirror (b) 4 m s<sup>-1</sup> towards the mirror (c) 4 m s<sup>-1</sup> away from the mirror (d) 4 m s<sup>-1</sup> parallel to the mirror 32. \_\_\_\_\_ is independent of size and shape of a conductor. (b) conductance (a) Resistance (c) Resistivity (d) it cannot be said 33. A convex mirror is used (b) by a dentist (b) for shaving (c) as a rear view mirror in vehicles (d) as a light reflector for obtaining a parallel beam of light **34.** A battery of e.m.f.  $\xi$ , and internal resistance 'r', gives a current of 0.5 A with an external resistor of 12 ohm and a current of 0.25 A with an external resistor of 25 ohm. Calculate emf of the cell. (b) 6.5 v (d) 9 v (a) 4 v (c) 8 v 35. A bi-convex lens is formed with two thin plano-convex lenses as shown in the figure. Refractive

index n of the second lens is 1.2. Both the curved surfaces are of the same radius of curvature, R = 14 cm. For this bi-convex lens, for an object distance of 40 cm, the image distance will be



(a) -280.0 cm (b) 40.0 cm (c) 21.5 cm (d) 13.3 cm

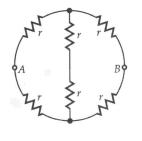
**36.** Find the current drawn from a cell of emf 1 V and internal resistance 2 /  $3\Omega$  connected to the network given below.

			$ \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} 1\Omega \\ D \\ D \\ \end{array} \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 3\Omega \end{array} $	
	(a) 1A	(b) 0.5 A	(c) 0.1 A	(d) 2 A
,	A 11 11	1		

**37.** Astigmatism can be rectified by a suitable ..... lens.

- (a) concave (b) convex (c) cylindrical (d) None of the above
- **38.** Which of the following statements is true?
  - (a) In tree type distribution of electric power, fuses are present only on the main board
  - (b) In ring type distribution of electric power, there is an individual fuse for each appliance

- (c) Ring type distribution of electric power is advantageous than the tree type distribution
- (d) All the above
- **39.** A spherical surface of radius of curvature R separates air (refractive index 1.0) from glass (refractive index 1.5). The centre of curvature is in the glass. A point object P placed in air is found to have a real image Q in the glass. The line PQ cuts the surface at a point O and PO = OQ. The distance PO is equal to
  - (a) R (b) 3R (c) 2R (d) 1.5R
- 40. Find the equivalent resistance of the networks shown in figure between the points A and B.



- (a)  $\frac{4}{3}$ r (b)  $\frac{r}{4}$  (c) r (d) 2r
- **41.** If '*l*' is the current through a wire and e is the charge of electron, the number of electrons passing through it in t second will be given by:
  - (a)  $\frac{le}{t}$  (b) lite (c)  $\frac{e}{lt}$  (d)  $\frac{lt}{e}$
- **42.** Two particles having charges  $q_1$  and  $q_2$  when kept at a certain distance exert force F on each other. If distance is reduced to half, force between them becomes—

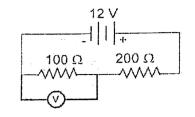
(a) 
$$\frac{F}{2}$$
 (b) 2F (c) 4F (d)  $\frac{F}{4}$ 

- **43.** All the following statements are correct except:
  - (a) A body is said to be positively charged when it has got excess of electrons
  - (b) When a body is charged positively, some electron escape from it
  - (c) The presence of moisture in the air reduces the conductivity of charge
  - (d) None of the above

44.  $\frac{4}{25}$  coulomb of charge contain\_\_\_\_electrons:

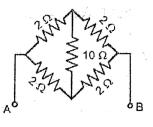
- (a)  $10^{15}$  (b)  $10^{18}$  (c)  $10^{20}$  (d) None of these 45. Assuming the charge of electron is  $1.6 \times 10^{-19}$  C, the number of electrons passing through a section of wire per second when the wire carries a current of 1A is :
  - (a)  $6.25 \times 10^{18}$  (b)  $1.6 \times 10^{-19}$  (c)  $1.6 \times 10^{19}$  (d)  $0.625 \times 10^{17}$
- **46.** 24 J work is done is moving a charge q between two points having potential difference 12 volt. The value of charge q is:
  - (a) 2 C (b) 0.5 C (c) 24 C (d) 12 C
- **47.** If current drawn from a cell is increased, then the potential difference across the terminals of the cell will:

- (a) increase (b) decrease (c) remains same (d) none of these The efficiency of a cell is 50 Ah. It will give 0.5 amp current upto: **48**. (a) 50 h (b) 100 h (d) 0.5 h (c) 25 h A wire of resistance R is cut into n equal parts. These parts are then connected in parallel. The 49. equivalent resistance of combination will be: (d)  $R/n^2$ (a) nR (b) R/n (c) n/R
- **50.** Three resistance each of  $8\Omega$  are connected to a triangle. The resistance between any two terminal:
  - (a)  $12\Omega$  (b)  $2\Omega$  (c)  $6\Omega$  (d)  $\frac{16}{3}\Omega$
- **51.** In the circuit shown in fig., the reading of the volmeter V will be:



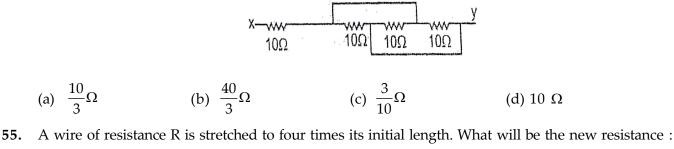
(a) 4 V (b) 2V (c) 6 V (d) 3 V

52. What is the total resistance across A and B is the circuit shown in Figure?



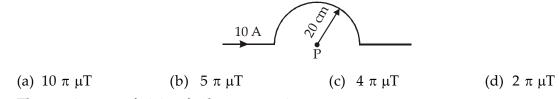
(a)  $1 \Omega$  (b)  $2 \Omega$  (c)  $1.5 \Omega$  (d) none of these

- 53. A person connects four, (<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>Ω) cells in series but one cell has its terminal reversed. The external resistance is 1 Ω. If each cell has an e.m.f. of 1.5 V, the current flowing is :
  (a) 1 A
  (b) 0.5 A
  (c) 1.5 A
  (d) 2 A
- **54.** The equivalent resistance between X and y is :



- **56.** The image formed by retina of human eye is
  - (a) Virtual and erect

- (b) Real and inverted
- (c) Virtual and inverted (d) Real and erect
- 57. In a circular coil of radius r, the magnetic field at the centre is proportional to
  - (a)  $r^2$  (b) r (c) 1/r (d)  $1/r^2$
- **58.** A current of 10 A is passing through a long wire which has semicircular loop of the radius 20 cm as showm in the figure. Magnetic field produced at the centre of the loop is



- **59.** The persistence of vision for human eye is
  - (a) 1/10th of a second (b) 1/16th of a second
  - (c) 1/6th of the second (d) 1/18th of a second
- **60.** A solenoid 1.5 m long and 0.4 cm in diameter possesses 10 turns per cm length. A current of 5 A flows through it. The magnetic field at the axis inside the solenoid is
  - (a)  $2\pi \times 10^{-3}$  T (b)  $2\pi \times 10^{-5}$  T (c)  $4\pi \times 10^{-2}$  T (d)  $4\pi \times 10^{-3}$  T
- **61.** Two long straight wires are set parallel to each other. Each carries a current i in the same direction and separation between them is 2r. Intensity of magnetic field midway between them is

(a) 
$$\frac{\mu_0 i}{r}$$
 (b) zero (c)  $\frac{4\mu_0 i}{r}$  (d)  $\frac{\mu_0 i}{4r}$ 

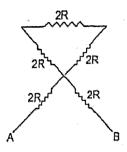
- **62.** Electron of mass m and charge q is travelling with a speed v along a circular path of radius r at right angles to a uniform magnetic field of intensity B. If the speed of the electron is doubled and the magnetic field is halved, the resulting path would have a radius
  - (a) 2r (b) 4r (c)  $\frac{r}{4}$  (d)  $\frac{r}{2}$
- **63.** A proton and an α-particle are projected normally into a magnetic field with the same speed. What will be the ratio of radii of the trajectories of the proton and α-particle?
  - (a) 2:1 (b) 1:2 (c) 4:1 (d) 1:4

64. The amount of light entering the human eye is controlled by

- (a) Ciliary muscles (b) Pupil (c) Cornea (d) Eye lens
- **65.** A convex lens of focal length 20 cm is placed coaxially with a convex mirror of radius of curvature 20 cm. The two are kept 15 cm apart. A point object is placed 40 cm in front of the convex lens. Find the position of the image formed by this combination.

- **66.** A particle is pushed along a horizontal surface in such a way that it starts with a velocity of 12 m/s. and decreases at the rate of 0.5 m/s<sup>2</sup>. The time it will take to come to rest is:
  - (a) 42 s (b) 48 s (c) 24 s (d) 84 s

- **67.** A small bulb is placed at the bottom of a tank containing water to a depth of 80 cm. What is the area of the surface of water through which light from the bulb can emerge out ? Refractive index of water is 1.33. consider the bulb to be a point source.
  - (a)  $2.6 \text{ m}^2$  (b)  $2 \text{ m}^2$  (c)  $1 \text{ m}^2$  (d)  $3.5 \text{ m}^2$
- **68.** In the given circuit, the equivalent resistance between points A and B will be.



(a) 
$$\frac{8}{3}$$
R (b) 4R (c) 6R (d) 10R

- **69.** Two identical heater wires are first connected in series and then in parallel with a source of electricity. The ratio of heat produced in the two cases is :
  - (a) 2:1 (b) 1:2 (c) 4:1 (d) 1:4
- **70.** An electric heater can boil a certain amount of water in 10 minute and another heater can do it in 15 minute, both working at the same voltage. If the two heaters are connected in parallel across the same voltage as before how much time will they take to boil the same amount of water?
  - (a) 9 min (b) 12.5 min (c) 7.5 min (d) 6 min

## CHEMISTRY

71.  $2NaOH + MgSO_4 \longrightarrow?$ 

(a)  $MgO + Na_2SO_4$  (b)  $Mg(OH)_2 + Na_2SO_4$  (c)  $Mg(OH)_2 + Na_2O$  (d)  $MgO + Na_2O$ 

**72.** The equation

 $Cu + XHNO_3 \rightarrow Cu(NO_3)_2 + YNO_2 + 2H_2O_7$ , the values of X and Y are

- (a) 3 and 1 (b) 8 and 6 (c) 4 and 1 (d) 7 and 1 respectively
- 73. Zinc can displace copper from copper sulphate solution because zinc is :
  - (a) more reactive than copper
  - (c) more stable than copper
- (b) less reactive than copper
- (d) less stable than copper
- 74. The correct acidic strength order is :
  - (a)  $HClO < HClO_2 < HClO_3 < HClO_4$
  - (c)  $HClO < HClO_4 < HClO_3 < HClO_2$
- **75.** Combustion of fuel is:
  - (a) displacement reaction
  - (c) oxidation reaction

(b)  $\text{HClO}_4 < \text{HClO}_3 < \text{HClO}_2 < \text{HClO}$ 

- (d)  $HClO_4 < HClO_2 < HClO_3 < HClO$
- (b) double displacement reaction
- (d) isomerisation reaction

76.	Which of the following is incorrect?						
	(a)	a) cobalt oxide imparts blue colour to glass					
	(b)	manganese dioxide imparts purple color					
	(c)	chromium oxide imparts red colour to g	çlass				
	. ,	(d) iron oxide imparts green colour to glass					
77.		$BaCl_2 + H_2SO_4 \longrightarrow BaSO_4 + 2HCl $ is					
	(a)	combination reaction	(b) decomposition rea				
=0	(c) T1	displacement reaction	(d) double displacem	ent reaction			
78.	(a)	pH of 0.001 N sodium hydroxide solution 3 (b) 4	(c) 11	(d) 12			
70	. ,		. ,	(u) 12			
79.		ich of the following acids is present in sou		(d) tentenia agid			
80.	(a)	glycolic acid (b) lactic acid	(c) citric acid	(d) tartaric acid			
00.		ich of the following is an example of com		1			
		$H_2 + Cl_2 \longrightarrow 2HCI$	(b) n-Hexane $\{AlCl_3}$	hexane			
		$Zn + H_2SO_4 \longrightarrow ZnSO_4 + H_2$	(d) $N_2O_4 \longrightarrow 2NO_2$				
81.	Nor	n-metals form :					
	(a)	ionic halides	(b) covalent halides				
	(c)	coordinate halides	(d) none of the above				
82.	Wh	ich among the following statements is fals					
	(a)	Every protonic acid has its conjugate aci	d.				
	(b)	Pair of Bronsted acid and base that diffe	r by a proton is conjuga	ate acid-base pair.			
	(c)	A substance that accepts an electron pai		ovalent bond is an acid.			
07	(d)	Arrhenius theory is confined to aqueous					
83.		ntify the favourable conditions for the form					
	. ,	(a) low IP value of metal, low EA value of non-metal					
		<ul> <li>(b) low IP value of metal, high EA value of non-metal</li> <li>(c) high IP value of metal, high EA value of non-metal</li> </ul>					
	(c) (d)						
84.	. ,	C C	ion-metal				
04.		The main constituents of cement are:					
		(a) Calcium oxide, Silicon dioxide, Aluminium oxide					
		<ul><li>(b) Calcium oxide, Iron oxide, Sulphur dioxide</li><li>(c) Magnesium oxide, Silicon dioxide, Aluminium oxide</li></ul>					
	(c) (d)	none of these					
85.							
03.	v v 11	LI LI CHANGES IO ZIL IL.					

	(a) lose 2 electrons			(b) lose 1 electron		
	(c) gains 1 electron			(d) gains 2 electrons		
86.						
	(a)	inary glass is a mi Sodium silicate,	Calcium silicate	(b) Sodium silicate, C	alcium silicate and Silica	
	(c)	Sodium silicate	and Silica	(d) none of these		
87.	When a small piece of dry potassium is put in water, it reacts vigorously to produce :					
	(a)	nitrogen gas		(b) hydrogen gas		
	(c)	carbon dioxide g	gas	(d) sulphur dioxide		
88.	. Which of the following is a hardest substand		ng is a hardest substance	?		
	(a)	Charcoal	(b) Coke	(c) Graphite	(d) Diamond	
89.	Acic	ls should be store	ed in containers made of	:		
	(a)	plastic	(b) glass	(c) metals	(d) clay	
90.	Milk	c of magnesia is a	n :			
	(a)	acid	(b) antacid	(c) alkali	(d) rock salt	
91.	Basi	city of acetic acid	is:			
	(a)	4	(b) 3	(c) 1	(d) 2	
92.	'Alu	m' is an example	of :			
	(a)	single salt	(b) double salt	(c) acids	(d) none of these	
93.	Whi		ng is not a base according	•		
	(a)	Mg(OH) <sub>2</sub>	(b) $NH_3$	(c) $H_2PO_4^-$	(d) $BF_3$	
94.		drinks contain :				
	(a)	acetic acid	(b) tartaric acid	(c) carbonic acid	(d) nitric acid	
95.			ng is formed when an ox			
	(a)	acid	(b) base	(c) salt	(d) none of these	
96.			tric acid and sulphuric a	acid are known as mineral acids because they :		
	(a)	attack minerals	1 .1	(b) are obtained from minerals		
~-	(c)	are obtained fro		(d) both (a) and (b)		
97.			ng solutions has the same			
98.	(a) Whi	$0.1N H_2SO_4$	(b) 0.3 N $H_3PO_4$ ag acid does not react wi	(c) $0.2 \text{ N HNO}_3$	(d) All of these	
90.	(a)		(b) phosphoric acid	(c) carbonic acid	(d) nitric acid	
99.	• •	-	ig acid is used in fire ext			
	(a)	hydrochloric aci	id	(b) sulphuric acid		
	(c)	nitric acid		(d) oxalic acid		
100.	Whi	ch of the followin	ng methods is not used fo	or preparing a salt?		
	(a)	reaction between	n an acid and a base	(b) action of acid on metals		
	(c) action of acid on metal oxides			(d) dissolution of acids in water		

101.	Whi	ich of the followin	g is not a property of	acids?		
	(a) all acids have a sour taste			(b) acids turn blue litmus red		
	(c) acids turn red litmus blue		tmus blue	(d) all acids form	H+ ions in water	
102.		-	white phosphorus is:			
		) 45°	(b) 60°	(c) 90°	(d) 120°	
103.		ich of them is not				
	(a)	02	(b) AgNO <sub>3</sub>	(c) AgCl	(d) None of them	
104.	Whi		g is a fast reaction?			
	(a)		$h_2$ and $O_2$ to form H	-		
	(b)		n acid and base to form	n salt and water		
	(c)	hydrolysis of est	er			
	(d)	hydrolysis of sug	gar to glucose			
105.	Whi	ich of the followin	g reactions is not corr	rect?		
	(a)		• $Cu(NO_3)_2 + 2Ag$	-	-	
	(c)	$\text{FeSO}_4 + \text{Cu} \rightarrow \text{C}$	$CuSO_4 + Fe$	(d) $CuSO_4 + Zn \rightarrow ZnSO_4 + Cu$		
106.	Whi	ich of the followin	g statements is correc	rt?		
	(a)	oxidation involv	es gain of electron			
	(b)	substance which	is reduced is reducin	g agent		
	(c)	exothermic proc	ess involves absorptic	on of heat		
	(d)	oxidation involv	es loss of electrons			
107.	Mat	ch the entries in C	Column A with approp	priate ones in Colum	n B.	
		Column A		Column	B	
	(1)	German silver		(a) for making p	rinting type	
	(2)	Tungsten steel		(b) soldering		
	(3)	Alloy of Sn and	Pb	(c) for making hi	gh speed tolls	
	(4)	Alloy of Pb, Sn	and Sb	(d) for making je	wellery	
	(a)	$1 \rightarrow b, 2 \rightarrow c, 3 \rightarrow c$	$\rightarrow$ d, 4 $\rightarrow$ a	(b) $1 \rightarrow c, 2 \rightarrow d,$	$3 \rightarrow a, 4 \rightarrow b$	
	(c)	$1 \rightarrow d, 2 \rightarrow c, 3 \rightarrow c$	$\rightarrow$ b, 4 $\rightarrow$ a	(d) $1 \rightarrow d, 2 \rightarrow a,$	$3 \rightarrow b, 4 \rightarrow c$	
108.	The	following flow ch	nart represent the extr	raction of	<u>.</u>	
			Froth	floatation		
	$\downarrow$					

From notation  

$$\downarrow$$
  
Roasting  
 $\downarrow$   
Smelting  
 $\downarrow$   
Bessemerisation

	$\downarrow$						
	Electrolytic refining						
	(a)	copper	(b) zinc	(c) iron	(d) aluminium		
109.	Whe	en Magnesium is b	ournt in air, a white ash	remains as left over. Wh	nat is this?		
	(a)	MgO <sub>2</sub>	(b) MgO	(c) Mg	(d) $Mg_3O$		
110.	In th	ne reaction:					
	2FeC	$\text{Cl}_2 + \text{Cl}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{FeCl}_{3'}$	Chlorine may be regard	ded as :			
	(a)	an oxidising agei	nt	(b) a reducing agent			
	(c)	a catalyst		(d) providing an inert	medium		
			MATHEN	MATICS			
111.			$(001)^{1000}$ , x = $(0.001)^{0.001}$ , m smallest to largest.	y = $(1.001)^{1000}$ , and z =	$= (2^{1000} - 1)^{0.001}$ . Put these		
	(a)	w, x, y, z	(b) w, x, z, y	(c) x, w, y, z	(d) x, w, z, y		
112.	shee	0	0		whole from a rectangular area that this rectangular		
	(a)	168	(b) 174	(c) 188	(d) 202		
113.	If $\frac{23}{30}$	$\frac{3}{0} = \frac{1}{a_1} + \frac{1}{a_2} + \dots + \frac{1}{a_r}$	- , where a <sub>1</sub> , a <sub>2</sub> ,, a <sub>n</sub> ar	e natural numbers, ther	n the smallest value of n is		
	(a)	30	(b) 2	(c) 3	(d) 4		
114.		pose a, b and c a t be correct?	are real numbers for w	which $\frac{a}{b} > 1$ and $\frac{a}{c} < -1$	. Which of the following		
			(b) a > b	(c) $(a - c)(b - c) > 0$	(d) $a - b + c > 0$		
	. ,						
115.	How	many pairs of p	ositive integer (a, b) w	ith a + b $\leq$ 100 satisfy	$\frac{a+b^{-1}}{a^{-1}+b} = 13?$		
	(a)	3	(b) 4	(c) 5	(d) 7		
116.	Wha	t is the smallest v	value of the positive inte	eger n for which $\frac{1}{1.2} + \frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2.3} + \frac{1}{3.4} + \dots + \frac{1}{n.(n+1)}$ is at		
	least	: 1?					
	(a)			(b) 1000			
	. ,	2002		(d) there is no such va			
117.		-	red to be integers, how 15 and $n^2 + m^2 \le 16$ ?	•	n) are there to the pair of		
	(a)	0	(b) 1	(c) 2	(d) 3		

**118.** The sides of a triangle are  $\sqrt{2}$ ,  $\sqrt{3}$  and  $\sqrt{11}$ . Which of the following best describe the triangle?

(a) Isosceles
(b) None xistent
(c) Acute
(d) Equilateral
119. If the LCM of the polynomials f(x) = (x + 1)<sup>5</sup>(x + 2)<sup>a</sup> and g(x) = (x + 1)<sup>b</sup>(x + 2)<sup>a</sup> is (x + 1)<sup>a</sup> (x + 2)<sup>b</sup>, then find the minimum value of a + b from the following options.

(a) is 10 (b) is 14 (c) is 15 (d) Cannot say

**120.** Simplify:

$$\frac{a^{2} - (b - c)^{2}}{(a + c)^{2} - b^{2}} + \frac{b^{2} - (a - c)^{2}}{(a + b)^{2} - c^{2}} + \frac{c^{2} - (a - b)^{2}}{(b + c)^{2} - a^{2}}$$
(a) 0 (b) 1 (c)  $a + b + c$  (d)  $\frac{1}{a + b + c}$ 

**121.** The rational expression  $A = \left(\frac{x+1}{x-1} - \frac{x-1}{x+1} - \frac{4x}{x^2+1}\right)$  is multiplied with the additive inverse of

- $B = \frac{1 x^4}{4x}$  to get C. Then, C = \_\_\_\_\_
- (a)  $\frac{32x^2}{x^4-1}$  (b)  $\frac{2x}{x^4-1}$  (c) 2 (d) 1
- **122.** A real number is said to be algebraic if it satisfies a polynomial equation with integral coefficients. Which of the following numbers is not algebraic :
  - (a)  $\frac{2}{3}$  (b)  $\sqrt{2}$  (c) 0 (d)  $\pi$
- **123.** The sum of the successors of two numbers is 42 and the difference of their predecessors is 12. Find the numbers.
  - (a) 26, 16 (b) 14, 16 (c) 26, 14 (d) none of these
- **124.** The total cost of 6 erasers and 9 pens is at least Rs. 102 and the cost of each eraser is at most Rs. 5. Find the minimum possible cost (in Rupees) of a pen. The following are the steps involved in solving the above problem. Arrange them in sequential order.
  - (A) Let the cost of each eraser be Rs. x and cost of each pen be Rs. y
  - (B)  $6x + 9y \ge 102$  and  $x \le 5$ .
  - (C)  $6 \times 5 + 9y \ge 102 \Rightarrow 9y \ge 72 \Rightarrow y \ge 8$ .
  - (D) The minimum possible cost of a pen is Rs. 8.
  - (a) ABDC (b) ABCD (c) DABC (d) ACBD
- **125.** Sanjana travels 660 km, partly by train and partly by car. If she covers 300 km by train and the rest by car, it takes 13.5 hours. But, if she travels 360 km by train and the rest by car, she

takes 30 minutes longer. Find the time taken by sanjana if she travels 660 km by car. (in hours.)  
(a) 13 (b) 14 (c) 12 (d) 11  
126. If the ordered pair (sin0, cos0) satisfies the system of equations 
$$mx + my + a + b = a - b$$
 and  $nx + my + 2b = 0$ , then find the value of 0 where  $0 \le 0 \le 90^\circ$ . ( $m \ne n$ )  
(a) 30° (b) 45° (c) 50° (d) 60°  
127. If  $x = \sqrt{6 + \sqrt{6 + \sqrt{6 + ...00^{\circ o}}}$ , then :  
(a) x is an irrational number (b)  $2 < x < 3$   
(c)  $x = 3$  (d) None of these  
128. The number of real solutions of the equation  $2|x|^2 - 5|x| + 2 = 0$  is :  
(a) 0 (b) 4 (c) 2 (d) None of these  
129. If  $(2 + \sqrt{3})^{x^2 - 2r + 1} + (2 - \sqrt{3})^{x^2 - 2r - 4} = \frac{2}{2 - \sqrt{3}}$ , then x is equal to :  
(a) 0 (b) 1 (c) 2 (d) Both (a) and (c)  
130. If the expression  $\left[ \frac{nx}{n-1} + \frac{1}{x} \right]$  is non negative for all positive real x, then the minimum value of m must be :  
(a)  $-\frac{1}{2}$  (b) 0 (c)  $\frac{1}{4}$  (d)  $\frac{1}{2}$   
131. If  $x \in \mathbb{R}$  and  $k = \frac{(x^2 - x + 1)}{(x^2 + x + 1)}$ , then :  
(a)  $x \le 0$  (b)  $\frac{1}{3} \le k \le 3$  (c)  $k \ge 5$  (d) None of these  
132. The value of k, so that the equations  $2x^2 + kx - 5 = 0$  and  $x^2 - 3x - 4 = 0$  have one root in common is :  
(a)  $-2, -3$  (b)  $-3, -\frac{27}{4}$  (c)  $-5, -6$  (d) None of these  
133. If  $\tan \alpha + \sin \alpha = m$  &  $\tan \alpha - \sin \alpha = n$ , then  $m^2 - n^2 = -\frac{1}{2}$   
(a)  $\sqrt{mn}$  (b)  $\sqrt{\frac{m}{n}}$  (c)  $4\sqrt{mn}$  (d) none  
134. If  $\sin 0 + \cos 0 = \sqrt{2} . \sin(90 - 0)$ , then  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} + 1} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ 

**135.** Let  $\alpha = \frac{\tan^2 A - \sin^2 A}{\tan^2 A \cdot \sin^2 A}$  &  $\beta = \frac{\cot^2 A - \cos^2 A}{\cot^2 A \cdot \cos^2 A}$  (A is acute angle) are the roots of that quadratic

equation whose discriminant is 'D', then the most appropriate choice is:

(a) 
$$D > 0$$
 (b)  $D \ge 0$  (c)  $D = 0$  (d)  $D < 0$ 

**136.** Let  $T_1 = \frac{\sin 45^\circ - \sin 30^\circ + \cot 90^\circ}{\cos 45^\circ + \cos 60^\circ}$  and  $T_2 = \frac{\sec 45^\circ - \tan 45^\circ}{\csc 45^\circ + \cos 0^\circ + \cot 90^\circ}$  then:

(a)  $T_1 + T_2 = 0$  (b)  $T_1 - T_2 = 0$  (c)  $T_1 = \sqrt{2}T_2$  (d)  $T_2 = \sqrt{2}T_1$ 

- **137.** A ballon is connected to a meteorological ground station by a cable of length 215 m inclined at 60° to the horizontal. Determine the height of the balloon from the ground. Assume that there is no slack in the cable.
  - (a)  $107.5\sqrt{3}m$  (b)  $100\sqrt{3}m$  (c)  $215\sqrt{3}m$  (d)  $215/\sqrt{3}m$

**138.** If  $\sin^2 A = 2\sin A \cos A$  and  $\sin 20^\circ = K$ , then the value of  $\cos 20^\circ \cos 40^\circ \cos 80^\circ \cos 160^\circ =$ 

(a) K (b) 
$$-\sqrt{1-K^2}$$
 (c)  $\sqrt{\frac{1-K^2}{8}}$  (d)  $-\frac{\sqrt{1-K^2}}{8}$ 

**139.** The length of the side (in cm) of an equivalent triangle inscribed in a circle of radius 8 cm is \_\_\_\_\_

(a)  $16\sqrt{3}$  (b)  $12\sqrt{3}$  (c)  $8\sqrt{3}$  (d)  $10\sqrt{3}$ 

140. A wheel makes 20 revolutions per hour. The radians it turns through 25 minutes is \_\_\_\_\_

(a) 
$$\frac{50\pi^{c}}{7}$$
 (b)  $\frac{250\pi^{c}}{3}$  (c)  $\frac{150\pi^{c}}{7}$  (d)  $\frac{50\pi^{c}}{3}$ 

**141.** The mode of the data 6, 4, 3, 6, 4, 3, 4, 6, 5 and x can be:

**142.** Observation of some data are  $\frac{x}{5}$ , x,  $\frac{x}{3}$ ,  $\frac{2x}{3}$ ,  $\frac{x}{4}$ ,  $\frac{2x}{5}$  and  $\frac{3x}{4}$  where x > 0. If the median of the data is 4, then find the value of 'x'?

- (a) 5 (b) 7 (c) 8 (d) 10
- 143. If a coin is tossed two times, then what is the probability of getting a head at least once?

(a) 
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 (b)  $\frac{3}{4}$  (c)  $\frac{1}{2}$  (d) 1

**144.** One ticket is drawn from a bag containing 70 tickets numbered 1 to 70. Find the probability that is a multiple of 5 or 7.

(a) 
$$\frac{1}{10}$$
 (b)  $\frac{1}{70}$  (c)  $\frac{6}{70}$  (d)  $\frac{11}{35}$ 

**145.** If one number is selected from the first 70 natural numbers, the probability that the number is a solution of  $x^2 + 2x > 4$  is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

(a) 
$$\frac{69}{70}$$
 (b)  $\frac{1}{70}$  (c) 1 (d) 0

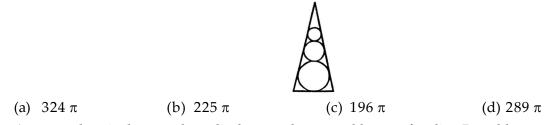
**146.** A 4-digit number is formed by using the digits 1, 2, 4, 8 and 9 without repetition. If one number is selected from those numbers, then what is the probability that it will be an odd number?

(a)  $\frac{1}{5}$  (b)  $\frac{2}{5}$  (c)  $\frac{3}{5}$  (d)  $\frac{4}{5}$ 

**147.** In the figure shown, three circles X, Y and Z are tangent to each other at point O. The center of Y is on Z and the center of X is on Y. If the radius of Z is r, what is the area of the unshaded region?



**148.** In the figure shown, three circles are inscribed in a cone as shown. The radius of the circles are 8, 12 and r. Find the area of largest circle with radius r.



- **149.** A cone, a hemisphere and a cylinder stand on equal bases of radius R and have equal heights H. Their whole surfaces area in the ratio:
  - (a)  $(\sqrt{3} + 1): 3: 4$  (b)  $(\sqrt{2} + 1): 7: 8$  (c)  $(\sqrt{2} + 1): 3: 4$  (d) None of these
- **150.** If a cube of maximum possible volume is cut off from a solid sphere of diameter d, then the volume of the remaining (waste) material of the sphere would be equal to :

(a) 
$$\frac{d^3}{3} \left( \pi - \frac{d}{2} \right)$$
 (b)  $\frac{d^3}{3} \left( \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \right)$  (c)  $\frac{d^2}{4} \left( \sqrt{2} - \pi \right)$  (d) None of these